





















Overview:

Our curriculum provides our pupils with the knowledge, understanding and emotions needed to be able to play an active role in today's society. We want them to have high aspirations and a belief in themselves. They develop confidence in sharing their own thoughts and opinions with others, skills and attributes to keep themselves healthy and safe and an attitude of a responsible global citizen that can show tolerance of others beliefs, religions and life choices.

In each year, pupils will be learning to:

III Cacii	in each year, pupils will be learning to:						
	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Health and wellbeing (Covers mental	Understand that people can experience conflicting feelings at the same time.	Recognise that images in the media can distort reality Describe how the media	Know how to resist unhelpful pressure and ask for help recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing	Safety how to identify, express and manage their emotions in a constructive way	Emotional wellbeing Mental health and emotional wellbeing, including body image and coping strategies	Healthy lifestyle Diet, exercise, lifestyle balance and healthy choices, and first aid	
health, physical health)	know that mental health is part of physical health Understand that	can affect how people feel about themselves Describe the range and intensity of their feelings to others	know how to seek support for themselves and others Know how to improve self esteem/self care (eg hobbies,	how to establish and manage friendships personal safety strategies and travel safety, e.g. road, rail	about attitudes towards mental health how to challenge myths and stigma	about the relationship between physical and mental health about balancing work, leisure, exercise and sleep	
	people can get help for mental health just like physical health	Manage complex or conflicting emotions Understand that	rest, time with people) Understanding the importance of physical activity & mental health	and water how to respond in an emergency situation	about daily wellbeing how to manage emotions	how to make informed healthy eating choices how to manage influences on	
	Understand the benefits of physical exercise and the outdoors on mental health	acknowledging mistakes can help people to move on. Understanding the		demonstrate the key steps to administering to CPR	how to develop digital resilience about unhealthy coping strategies (e.g. self-harm and eating	to make independent health choices	
	Understand the benefits of community	importance of sleep		identify sources for help and support	disorders) about healthy coping strategies	to take increased responsibility for physical health, including testicular self-examination	























participation and volunteering on mental health Recognise their worth by identifyir positive things Set a personal goal	g				
Know how the spread of infection can be prevented know how to maintain good oral hygiene know basic first aid Know about keepin safe in the local environment	Know that some drugs such as alcohol and tobacco can become a habit Know that habits like a lot of screen time or gambling can also be hard to stop. Benefits of a balanced lifestyle. Informed choices regarding a healthy lifestyle, including nutrition. Understand the link between hygiene, bacteria and viruses. Know about allergies and how to get help in an emergency.	Know that some drugs cause physical addiction (detail on damage from drugs in Year 6 science) Know age restrictions that keep us safe, for alcohol and smoking	how to manage physical and emotional changes during puberty How to manage and maintain, good oral hygiene and dental health To learn about different influences on someone's diet and exercise choices To learn how to make independent, informed decisions about maintaining physical health the importance of period positivity (to combat period shaming). Know strategies for, maintaining a balance	about medicinal and recreational drugs about the over-consumption of energy drinks about the relationship between habit and dependence how to use over the counter and prescription medications safely how to assess the risks of alcohol, tobacco, nicotine and ecigarettes how to manage influences in relation to substance use how to recognise and promote positive social norms and attitudes	Peer influence, substance use and gangs Healthy and unhealthy friendships, assertiveness, substance misuse, and gang exploitation how to distinguish between healthy and unhealthy friendships how to assess risk and manage influences, including online about 'groupthink' and how it affects behaviour how to recognise passive, aggressive and assertive behaviour, and how to communicate assertively to manage risk in relation to gangs























		between school and home activities	about the legal and physical risks of carrying a knife
			about positive social norms in relation to drug and alcohol use
			about legal and health risks in relation to drug and alcohol use, including addiction and dependence























Relationship	Know about some	<u>Friendships.</u>	Respect.	Building relationships	Respectful relationships
s	things that makes a				
	healthy friendship	Recognise when a	Know about times	how to develop self-worth	Families and parenting, healthy
RSE	(eg truthfulness,	friendship is unhealthy	when it appropriate	and self-efficacy	relationships, conflict resolution,
	trust, loyalty,		and necessary to break		and
(Covers	kindness, generosity,	Understand that most	a confidence	about qualities and	relationship changes
general	sharing interests and	friendships have ups and		behaviours relating to	
relationships,	experiences and	downs	know what makes a positive,	different types of positive	about different types of families
sexual	support with		healthy relationship (eg as in	relationships	and parenting, including single
relationships,	problems and	Understand that problems	friendships)		parents, same sex parents,
legal basis)	difficulties)	with friends can often be		how to recognise unhealthy	blended families, adoption and
		worked through so that the	know that mutual respect is	relationships	fostering
	Know that healthy	friendship is repaired or	important in all relationships		
	friendships are	even strengthened.		how to recognise and	about positive relationships in the
	positive and		Know practical steps they can	challenge media stereotypes	home and ways to reduce
	welcoming towards	Recognise that roles people	take in a range of different		homelessness amongst young
	others so do not	take in different groups	contexts to improve or	how to evaluate expectations	people
	make others feel	change eg leader, follower	support respectful	for romantic relationships	
	lonely or excluded.		relationships.		about conflict and its causes in
		understand the roles they		about consent (law), and	different contexts, e.g. with family
	Know the	take on in different	Know self-respect is	how to seek and assertively	and friends
	importance of	situations	important and links to	communicate	
	permission-seeking		happiness	consent	conflict resolution strategies
	and giving, in	use negotiation to resolve			
	relationships with	disputes and conflict	Know principles of respect		how to manage relationship and
	friends, peers and		apply online as well as face-		family changes, including
	adults.	use compromise and	to-face		relationship breakdown,
		alternatives to resolve			separation and divorce
	Know principles of	disputes and conflict			
	permission apply				how to access support services
	online as well as	Give helpful			
	face-to-face	feedback and			
		support to others			
		Understand relationships			
		are personal and there is no			





















Know how to maintain good	need to feel pressured to have a boyfriend/girlfriend		
friendships	nave a boymend/girimend		
Understand how actions can affect			
ourselves and others			
Recognise all forms			
of Bullying			
Recognise dares Know that resorting			
to violence is never			
right.			
	l		























		T		
Judge whether	Relationships and Puberty.	Relationships and Puberty.	Identity and relationships	Intimate relationships
physical contact is				
acceptable or	Use terms vulva, vagina,	link between changes at	about gender identity and sexual	Relationships and sex education
unacceptable	penis and testicles	puberty, sexual intercourse	orientation	including consent, contraception,
	accurately	and the start of a baby		the risks of STIs, and attitudes to
Know how to	l		about forming new partnerships	pornography
respond to	label male and female body	know age restrictions for	and developing relationships	
unacceptable	parts including reproductive	sexual intercourse		about readiness for sexual activity,
physical contact	organs	Lucas Albaka baba dan anda an	that the legal and moral duty is	the choice to delay sex, or enjoy
V a a th a t	lunaahat.tha usanatual	know that a baby depends on an adult to meet its basic	with the seeker of consent	intimacy without sex
Know that unacceptable	know about the menstrual	needs	Vacuuthat ta faraa anyana inta	about muths and missansontions
•	cycle	needs	Know that to force anyone into marriage (forced marriage) is	about myths and misconceptions
physical contact is not the victim's fault	know about wet dreams	know that a baby's needs	illegal	relating to consent
not the victim s lault	know about wet dreams	include the emotional and	iliegai	about the continuous right to
know that personal	know the emotional	financial	Know that harmful practices	withdraw consent and capacity to
hygiene is important	changes that take place at	Illiancial	(such as FGM and forced	consent
hygiene is important	puberty	Know about committed	marriage) are in contradiction	Consent
	passisy	loving relationships (including	with	about STIs, effective use of
	know about different	marriage and civil	human rights	condoms and negotiating safer sex
	feelings and emotions	partnership)	· ·	5 5
	during puberty e.g crushes		Know that harmful practices	about the consequences of
		Know that marriage and civil	(such as FGM and forced	unprotected sex, including
	understand feelings will	partnership are intended to be	marriage) are against British law	pregnancy
	include highs and low	lifelong	(illegal)	
				how the portrayal of relationships
	know that puberty occurs	Know that marriage, arranged	how to effectively communicate	in the media and pornography
	at different times for	marriage and civil partnership	about consent in relationships	might affect expectations
	different people and	is between two people who		
	explain why.	willingly agree	about the risks of 'sexting' and	how to assess and manage risks of
			how to manage requests or	sending, sharing or passing on
	know that during puberty		pressure to send an image	sexual images
	certain parts of the body			
	need to be kept clean		about basic forms of	how to secure personal
			contraception, e.g. condom and	information online
			pill	





















	know which products to buy to keep clean. Know about different types of relationships (friends, families, couples, marriage, civil partnership, same sex) Know age restrictions for marriage and civil partnership know about the correct use of the terms sex, gender identity and sexual orientation		
Understand that relationships in the family are developed by spending time together and sharing each other's lives Understand families try to be committed to each other Understand stable, caring relationships are important for children's security growing up.			





















Living in the wider world Covers Community, rules and opinions, appreciating difference, finance and careers) Know about the UN declaration on the Rights of the Child Know we are part of local, national and global communities Know about who works with the local community Know that democracy means having a say in who the leaders are know that we live in a democratic society know that leaders are elected understand what a political party is	erstand about the portance of human its (and the Rights of Child) Discussion and I be erstand that to long gove beliefs, ideas or tices that harm the sers which is an eright soverrule beliefs, ideas or tices that harm the sers which is an eright soverrule people with the importance of the importanc	Understand about the importance of human rights (and the Rights of the Child) Understand that human rights overrule any beliefs, ideas or practices that harm others Know why laws and rules are made know the importance of the rule of law Know how laws and rules are made in parliament Appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities of people living in the UK know that to national government and human to local and government government and human to local and government government and human to local and government government values and composite in the media government and government values and composite in the media government government values and composite in the range of prejudice (racism, sex understand can combat behaviour government the media to local and government values and composite in the results of prejudice (racism, sex understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the results of prejudice (racism, sex understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government values and composite in the rule of law understand can combat behaviour government to local and government to local and government government to local and government government to local and go	hat there is local and all government The terms democracy man rights in relation and national ment. bout the lives, and customs of living in the UK some consequences adice behaviour sexism) tand some ways they mbat prejudiced our cal of what e and read in dia by consider Explain what it means living in a diverse socie what it brings to those live there. Explain the rights and responsibilities of the population. Explain how to challent prejudice, stereotypes. Explain the signs and of all types of bullying including online Know how to respond bullying of any kind, inconline Suggest how to suppoonthers when they are	beliefs and decisions. Group-think and persuasion. How to develop self-worth and confidence. Different types of discrimination and how that impacts inidividuals. Explain what protections have been put in place to stop discrimination. Identify key points in history when people's rights have begun to change and identify the factors which have caused the change. Explain how the media can influence public views about stereotypes.





















know that at 18 you have a right to vote for party to lead the government	individuals, communities and the environment Explain their views on issues that affect society as well as themselves research, discuss and debate issues concerning health and wellbeing			
			how to use social networking sites safely, including knowing about age restrictions how to recognise, respond to and seek help for grooming in different forms how to recognise biased or misleading information online how to critically assess different media sources how to distinguish between content which is publicly and privately shared how to protect financial security online	























				how to assess and manage risks in relation to gambling and chance-based transactions	
know what a stereotype is know how a stereotype can be unfair, negative and destructive					
Identify a range of	Dreams and Goals	Money Matters	Financial decision making	Community and careers	Employability skills
jobs and careers with the skills the jobs need Understand what a bank or building society account is for	Identify my strengths. Understand how to set achievable targets. Explain the concept of work ethic	Know how finance plays an important part in people's lives know how the wrong choices can affect wellbeing e.g gambling, debt	how to make safe financial choices about ethical and unethical business practices and consumerism	about equality of opportunity in life and work how to challenge stereotypes and discrimination in relation to work and pay	Employability and online presence about young people's employment rights and responsibilities skills for enterprise and employability
Understand that money can be transferred electronically between accounts	Understand how to plan to develop talents Understand the concept of 10,000 hours of practice	be a critical critical consumer and know about good value Understand 'loan,	about saving, spending and budgeting Recognise emotions linked to finance.	about employment, self- employment and voluntary work	how to give and act upon constructive feedback how to manage their 'personal brand' online























Manage time Describe ways to work with others to achieve goals. Identify key skills that will help in future careers.	interest and debt Know that people pay 'tax' to contribute towards society recognise routes into careers	Identify sources of income and evaluate their advantages and disadvantages. Evaluate different forms of borrowing. Recognise ways to avoid risky situations and borrow safely.	how to set aspirational goals for future careers and challenge expectations that limit choices Consider how gender stereotyping affects people's ideas about the suitability of particular careers for men and women.	habits and strategies to support progress how to identify and access support for concerns relating to life online
Understand that gender, race and social class do not		Examine ways of controlling	Understand why people	Setting goals
determine what jobs people can do.		expenditure	volunteer and explore the value young people place on	Learning strengths, career options and
		Evaluate the importance of getting good shopping advice before entering the marketplace.	volunteering.	goal setting as part of the GCSE options process
				about transferable skills, abilities and interests
				how to demonstrate strengths
		<u>Developing skills and</u> <u>aspirations</u>		about different types of employment and career pathways
		how to be enterprising, including skills of problem- solving, communication,		how to manage feelings relating to future employment
		teamwork, leadership, risk- management, and creativity		how to work towards aspirations and set meaningful, realistic goals for the future
		about a broad range of careers and the abilities and qualities required for		about GCSE and post-16 options
		different careers		skills for decision making























	about equality of opportunity how to challenge stereotypes, broaden their horizons and how to identify future career aspirations about the link between values and career choices how to improve study skills how to identify personal strengths and areas for development
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	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 5	Friendships.	Law and Human Rights.	Health and Wellbeing		Relationships and Puberty (RSE)	Dreams and Goals.
Year 6	Respect.	Diverse Britain.	Health and Wellbeing		Relationships (RSE)	Money Matters
Year 7	Building Relationships.	Safety.	Developing Skills and Aspirations.	Financial Decision Making.	Health and Puberty.	Diversity.
Year 8	Emotional Wellbeing	Discrimination.	Community and Careers.	Digital Literacy.	Identity and Relationships.	Drugs and Alcohol.
Year 9	Respectful	Healthy Lifestyles.	Setting Goals	Employability Skills.	Intimate Relationships.	Peer Influence,





















	Relationships.			Substance Use and
				Gangs.